Situated just 80km from Rome, the Maltese Islands are comprised of Malta, the largest island at 316km², Gozo & Comino, the two smaller islands. Malta's official languages are Maltese and English, however, Italian is also widely spoken. Malta has been part of the European Union since 2004, their currency is Euro.

The islands boast a typically Mediterranean, almost tropical climate, characterised by hot dry summers and mild winters with a brief rainy season. The island comprises of countless historical sites including the Megalithic temples, Fortresses, Baroque cathedrals and palaces.
MALTA THROUGH THE AGES

NEOLITIC TIME
5200 - 2000 BC
5300 is the arrival of Man in Malta
3300 - Building of Megalithic temples

EARLY INHABITANTS
7500 - 480 BC
800 years Before Christ - Phoenicians colonisation

ROMAN TIMES
210 BC - 305 AC
60 years After Christ - Saint Paul Shipwrecked

ORDER OF SAINT JOHN
1530 - 1566
1530 - The knights arrive in Malta

FRENCH OCCUPATION
1798 - 1802
1798- Napoleon Bonaparte takes Malta

BRITISH PERIOD
1814 - 1947
1914 - 1918 World War I
1939 - 1945 World War II

POST INDEPENDENCE
1964 - 2008
1964 - Independence of Malta
2004 - Member of the EU

5300 is the arrival of Man in Malta
3300 - Building of Megalithic temples
800 years Before Christ - Phoenicians colonisation
60 years After Christ - Saint Paul Shipwrecked
1798- Napoleon Bonaparte takes Malta
1964 - Independence of Malta
2004 - Member of the EU
A PERFECT DAY

PRIVATE AIRPORT TRANSFERS
Be greeted by your personal ‘Guardian Angel’ and driven to your accommodation in an executive vehicle.

THE MANOEL THEATRE
Visit the Manoel Theatre while touring Europe’s Capital of Culture 2015. The Manoel Theatre is one of the oldest working theatres in Europe. Constructed in 1731, the theatre is in a baroque gem with wonderful acoustics and a full calendar of events.

CASA ROCCA PICCOLA
This aristocratic museum remains the home of the noble Maltese de Piro family. View the vast collection of rare carved furniture including the wooden chest believed to be the oldest extant example of Maltese furniture.

THE THREE CITIES
The Three Cities have fringed the Grand Harbour since Phoenician times. Predominantly maritime cities, they have been doorways to commerce, migration, encounters and cultural exchange in Malta’s long history. Today the cities’ atmosphere is captivating and transporting, with the people living within their city walls immensely proud of their heritage.

MALTA’S FILM SET
Malta has become one of Europe’s most popular filming locations called ‘The Mediterranean’s mini-Hollywood’. The islands have been home to Hollywood blockbusters such as Gladiator (2000), Troy (2004), The Count of Monte Cristo, Troy, as well as tv shows like Game of Thrones, Spartacus and other renowned directors, as well as many A-list celebrities experienced Malta’s movie-making facilities and its many charms.

BLUE GROTTO
Explore the natural Maltese coastline and caves on a typical Maltese fishing boat.

PALAZZO PARISIO
Often called ‘la Ville Vecchia’, observe how Maltese nobility lived in luxury during the early 1900s at the private estate of the Scicluna family. The residence reflects the wealth and eccentric personality of the Marquis who previously lived there.

SALUTING BATTERY AT UPPER BARRAKKA GARDENS
The gardens boast a beautiful panoramic view of the Grand Harbour, one of the largest natural harbours in the Mediterranean and scene of the Great Siege of 1565.

SUNSET MOMENT
Enjoy a breathtaking sunset whilst sipping on a glass of wine or bubbly. Try some Maltese specialties and unwind in a beautiful, serene local setting.

SHORE EXCURSIONS
Valletta is a UNESCO World Heritage Site, the only capital city in the world to have this honour. The facades of the charming streets are speckled with colourful wooden balconies, and all lead to breathtaking harbour views.